Progression in Calculations. Y4

## Division.

| Year 4 |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Divide 2-digits by 1-digit (1) <br> Children build on their knowledge of dividing a 2-digit number by a 1 -digit number from Year 3 by sharing into equal groups. <br> Presenting the problem: <br> Eighty-one marbles are shared equally between three children. How many marbles does each child get?' $81 \div 3=?$ <br> Children use examples where the tens and the ones are divisible by the divisor. They then move on to calculations where they exchange between tens and ones. | Jack is dividing 84 by 4 using place value counters. <br>  <br> First, he divides the tens. <br> Then, he divides the ones. |
| Divide 2-digits by 1 -digit (2) <br> Children explore dividing 2-digit numbers by 1-digit numbers involving remainders. They continue to use the |  |

## Progression in Calculations. Y4

## Division.

place value counters to divide in order to explore why there are remainders.

Short division

$$
\begin{array}{r}
2 \quad 1 \\
4 \lcm{8} 4
\end{array}
$$

- 8 tens $\div 4=2$ tens

Write " 2 " in the tens column.'

- 4 ones $\div 4=1$ one Write " 1 " in the ones column.'
- 'First write the divisor: "4".'
- 'Then draw the frame.'
- 'Then write the dividend: "84".'
- 'Now divide, starting with the tens: eight tens divided by four is equal to two tens; write " 2 " in the tens column."
- Then move to the ones: four ones divided by four is equal to one one; write " 1 " in the ones column.'

Teddy is dividing 85 by 4 using place value counters.


First, he divides the tens.
Then, he divides the ones.


Algorithm with place-value counters - summary:


## Division.



## Progression in Calculations. Y4

## Division.

Divide 3-digits by 1-digit
Children apply their previous knowledge of dividing 2-digit numbers to divide a 3-digit number by a 1-digit number. They use place value counters and part-whole models to support their understanding. Children divide numbers with and without remainders.

Annie is dividing 609 by 3 using place value counters.


Rosie is using flexible partitioning to divide 3-digit numbers. She uses her place value counters to support her.


Use Rosie's method to solve:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 726 \div 6 \\
& 846 \div 6 \\
& 846 \div 7
\end{aligned}
$$

Eaht hundred ondforty diaht pencils are shared equally behwenn foue yevar groups How mat? pencils does edich your group getr?
$848+4=7$


## Division.

- 'First write the divisor: "5".'
- Then draw the frame.'
- Then write the dividend: "705":
- 'Now divide, starting with the hundreds: seven hundreds divided by five is equal to one hundred, with o remainder of two hundreds write "1" in the hundreds column...'
- and exchange the remainder: two hundreds is equal to twenty tens: write $2^{\prime \prime}$ to the left of the tens digit of the dividend to make twenty tens.
- Then move to the tens: twenty tens divided by five is equal to four tens; write " 4 " in the tens column.'
- Then move to the ones: five ones divided by five is equal to one one; write "I" in the ones column.'

Seven hundred and five exercise books are shared equally berween flive year groups. How many books doe each year group get?'
$705+5=?$

Sharing the hundreds:


Exchanging:


2 hundreds $=20$ tens
'... and write "2" to the left of the tens digit of the dividend to make twenty tens.'

Progression in Calculations. Y4
Division.

| Short Division |  |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | $4 \sqrt{6^{2} 1^{1} 2}$ |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |

